WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. A matrix graft consisting essentially of collagen and elastin.
1	2. A matrix graft in accordance with claim 1, said matrix graft being an
2	acellular matrix graft isolated from muscle tissue selected from the group consisting of
3	bladder tissue, heart tissue, intestine tissue or stomach tissue.
1	3. A matrix graft in accordance with claim 2, said graft being isolated from
2	bladder tissue.
1	4. A matrix graft in accordance with claim 3, said matrix graft being
2	prepared from tissue isolated from an animal selected from the group consisting of rat,
3	rabbit, hampster, dog, pig and human.
1	5. A matrix graft in accordance with claim 3, said matrix graft being
2	prepared from tissue isolated from an animal selected from the group consisting of rat,
3	rabbit, hampster, dog, pig and human, and indicating essentially no cell nuclei when
4	stained with a dye selected from the group consisting of trichrome, H&E, α -actin and
5	PGP.
1	6. A matrix graft in accordance with claim 3, said matrix graft being
2	isolated from human bladder tissue and having an elastic modulus of about 0.40 to about
3	0.80 MPa.
1	7. A matrix graft in accordance with claim 3, said matrix graft being
2	isolated from rat bladder tissue and having an elastic modulus of about 0.80 to about
3	2.10 MPa.
1	8. A matrix graft in accordance with claim 3, said matrix graft being
2	isolated from pig bladder tissue and having an elastic modulus of about 0.25 to about
3	0.60 MPa.

1	9. A method for the preparation of a bladder acellular matrix graft,
2	comprising:
3	(a) removing mucosa from an excised bladder cap to provide a bladder wall;
4	(b) treating the bladder wall with chemical and enzyme agents to release
5	intracellular components from said bladder wall to provide an intermediate matrix; and
6	(c) solubilizing and removing cell membranes and intracellular lipids from
7	said intermediate matrix to provide a bladder acellular matrix graft.
1	10. A method in accordance with claim 9, wherein said removal of said
2	mucosa is carried out mechanically.
1	11. A method in accordance with claim 9, wherein said enzyme agent is
2	DNase.
1	12. A method in accordance with claim 9, wherein said chemical agent is
2	sodium azide.
1	13. A method in accordance with claim 9, wherein said mucosa is removed
2	by scraping, said chemical agent is NaN3 and said enzyme agent is DNase.
1	14. A method of restoring bladder function in an animal having a partially
2	damaged bladder, said method comprising:
3	(a) removing the portion of the bladder which is damaged; and
4	(b) replacing said portion with a bladder acellular matrix graft to promote
5	regeneration of bladder tissue and restore said bladder function.
1	15. A method in accordance with claim 14, wherein said animal is selected
2	from the group consisting of rat, pig, dog and human.
1	16. A method in accordance with claim 14, wherein said bladder acellular

matrix graft is prepared according to claim 9 and is derived from xenographic tissue.

acellular collagen and elastin.

	
1	17. A method in accordance with claim 14, wherein said bladder acellular
2	matrix graft is prepared according to claim 9 and is derived from allographic tissue.
1	18. A method for promoting regrowth and healing of damaged or diseased
2	muscle tissues, said method comprising replacing said damaged or diseased muscle tissue
3	with an acellular matrix graft prepared from muscle tissue and consisting essentially of

- 19. A method in accordance with claim 18, wherein said muscle tissue is selected from the group consisting of bladder, heart, intestine and stomach.
- 20. A method in accordance with claim 18, wherein said acellular matrix graft is organ-specific for said damaged or diseased muscle tissue.
- 21. A method in accordance with claim 18, wherein said acellular matrix graft is from autographic tissue.
- 22. A method in accordance with claim 18, wherein said acellular matrix graft is from allographic tissue.
- 23. A method in accordance with claim 18, wherein said acellular matrix graft is from xenographic tissue.